## Multiple Ways to Multiply



The zero property: Any factor multiplied by 0 always has a product of 0.

 $9 \times 0 = 0$ 

The **property of one**: Any factor multiplied by 1 always has a product of the other factor.

The **commutative property**: Changing the order of the factors does not change the product.  $4 \times 3 = 3 \times 4$ 

The associative property: Changing how the factors are grouped does not change the product.  $(5 \times 2) \times 6 = 5 \times (2 \times 6)$ 

The distributive property: Multiplying a factor by the sum of two numbers equals the sum of the two products.

$$6 \times (2 + 5) = (6 \times 2) + (6 \times 5)$$

Identify each property and then solve.

5 x 6 = 6 x 5

$$x = 7 \times 6$$

B. 
$$3 \times (2 + 5) = (3 \times 2) + (3 \times 5)$$

$$6 \times (4 + 5) = (6 \times \boxed{)} + (6 \times \boxed{)}$$
  $7 \times (\boxed{+} \boxed{)} = 7 \times 5) + (7 \times 8)$ 

$$7 \times ( \Box + \Box ) = 7 \times 5 + (7 \times 8)$$

$$9 \times (3 + 7) = (9 \times \bigcirc) + (9 \times \bigcirc)$$

$$x 9 = 0$$

$$x (4 \times 9) = (6 \times 4) \times 9$$

$$(5 \times 4) \times 6 = 5 \times (4 \times \boxed{)}$$